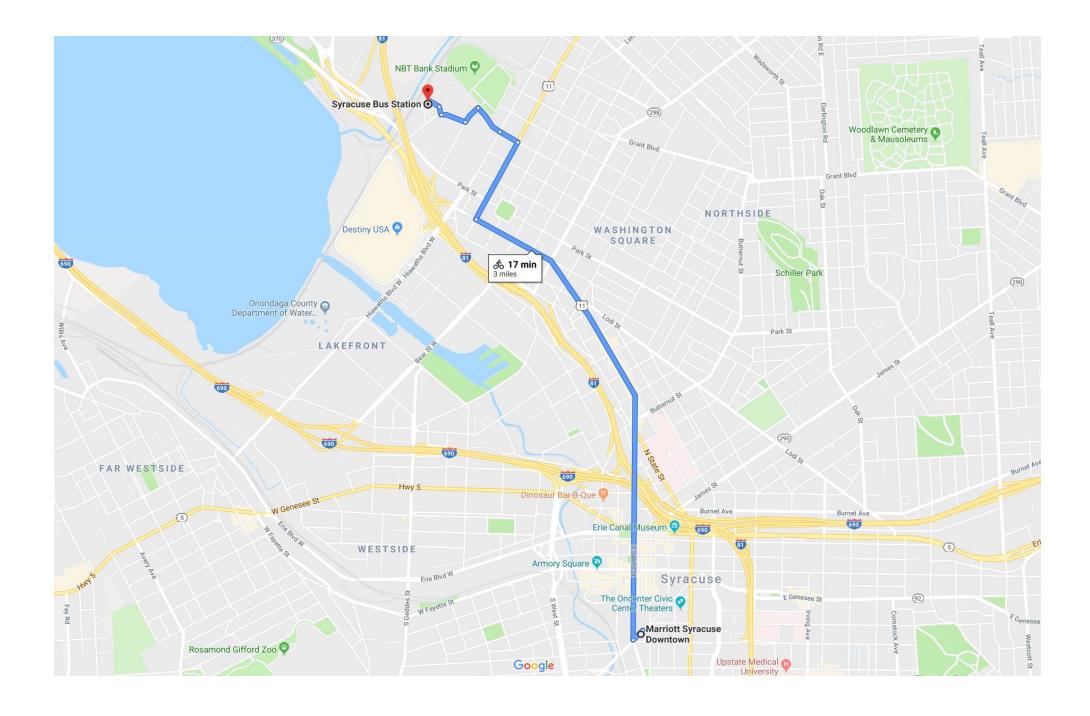
# **Extending the Reach of Transit:**Strategies & Tactics for Facilitating Bicycle Connections

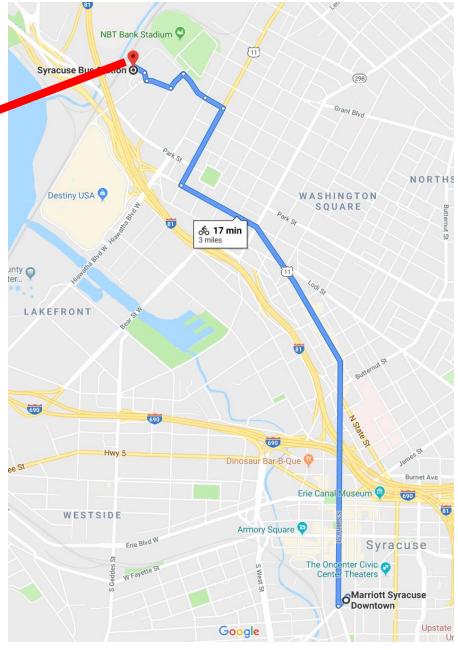


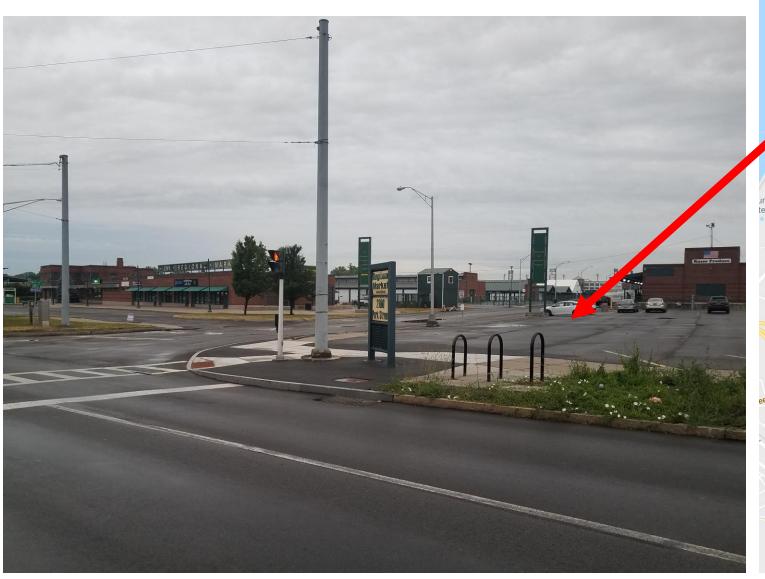


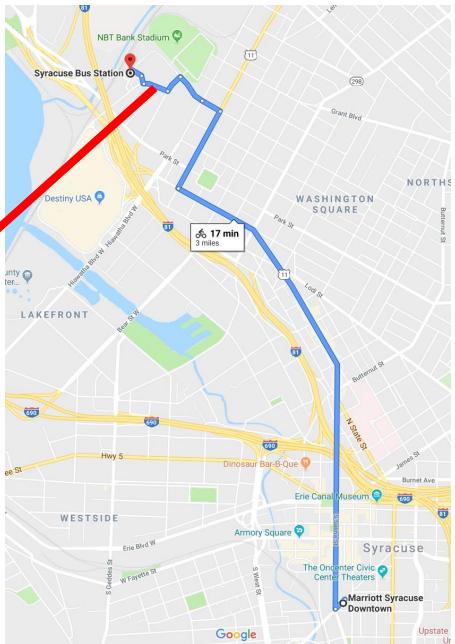
# Syracuse: A Case Study



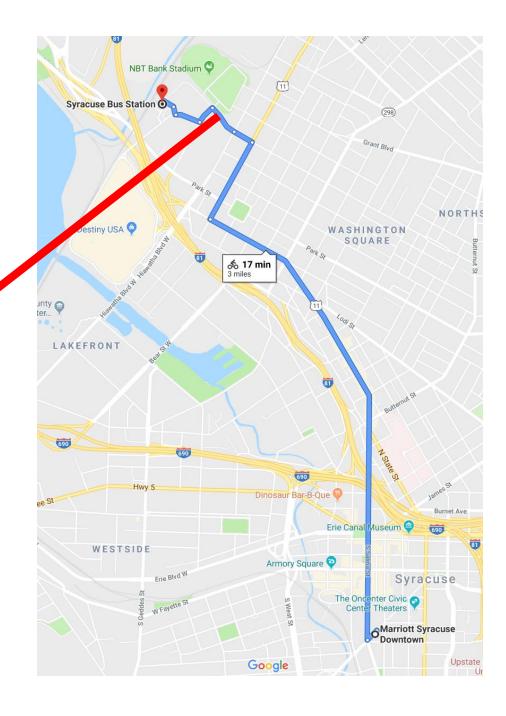




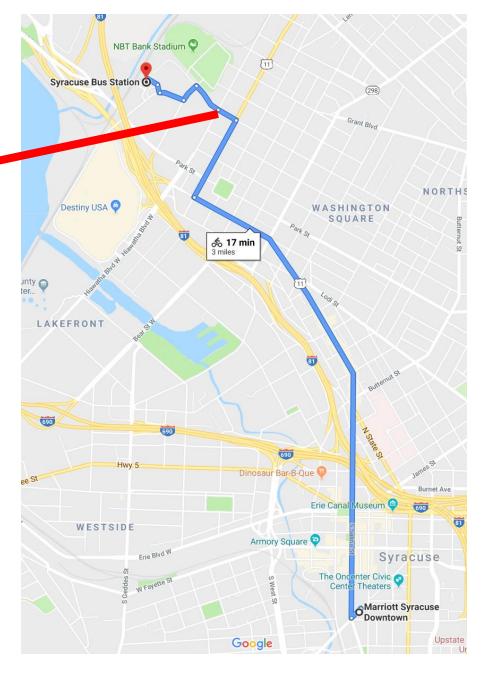




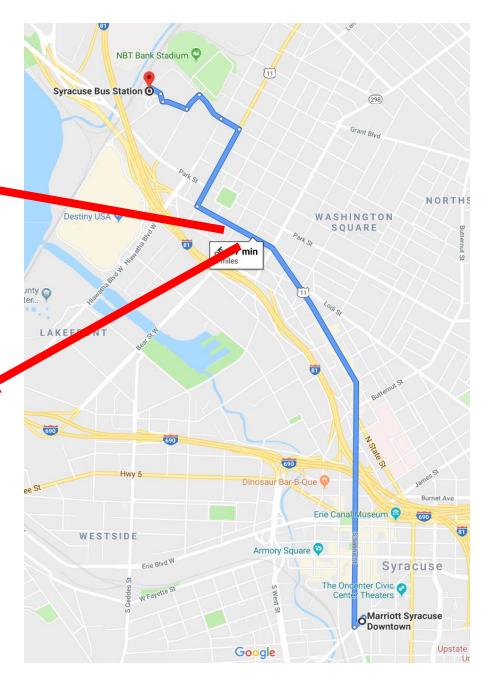




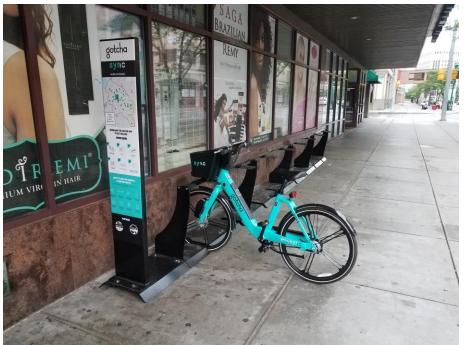


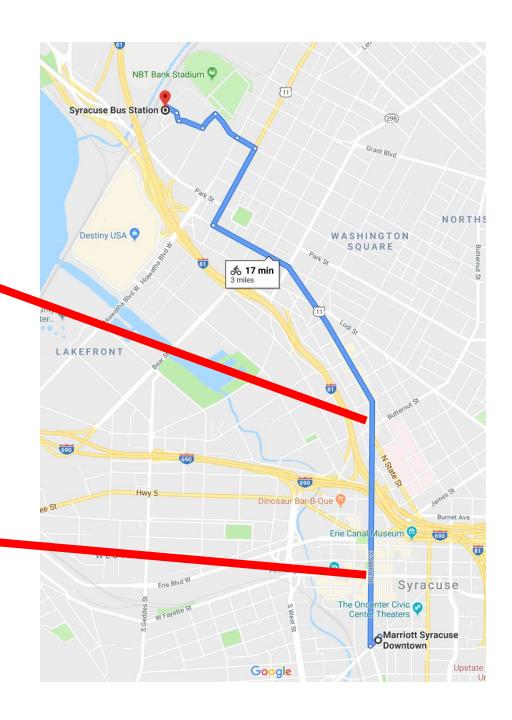














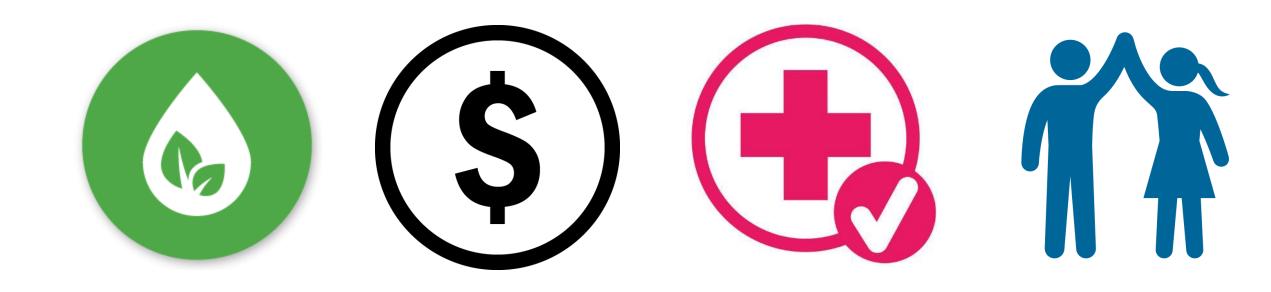
#### **Agenda**

- Why integrate Bikes & Transit
- Getting Started
- Building a Toolkit
  - Bike Parking
  - Bikes Onboard Transit
  - Bike Share Integration
  - Safe Routes to Transit
- Implementation
- Takeaways

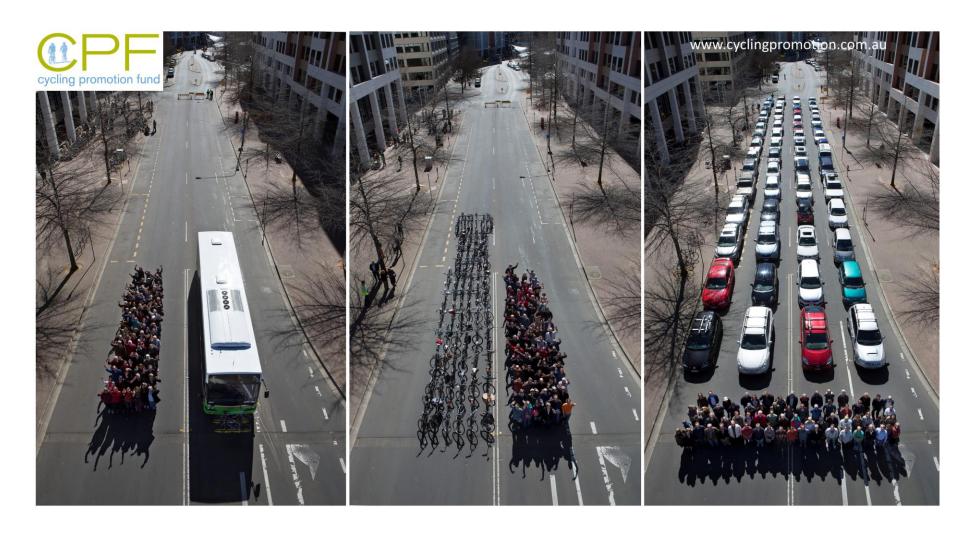




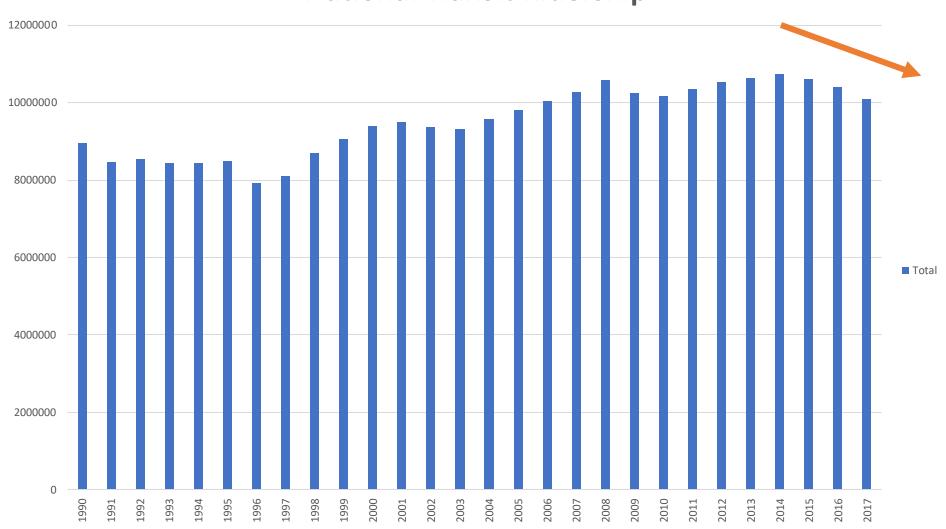
#### The Usual Suspects...



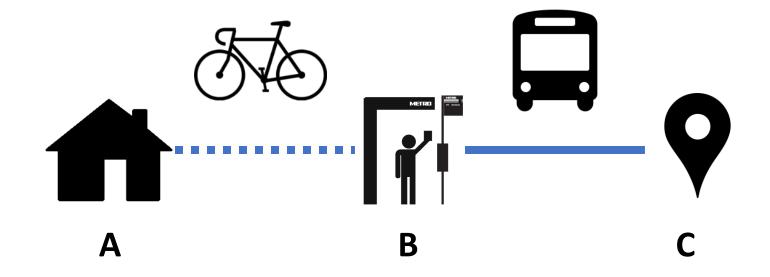
## Efficiency!



#### **National Transit Ridership**



#### Extend the Reach of Transit



### Reduced Demand for Parking





#### Cause Everybody's Doin' It!













**NITRANSI** 

The Way To Go















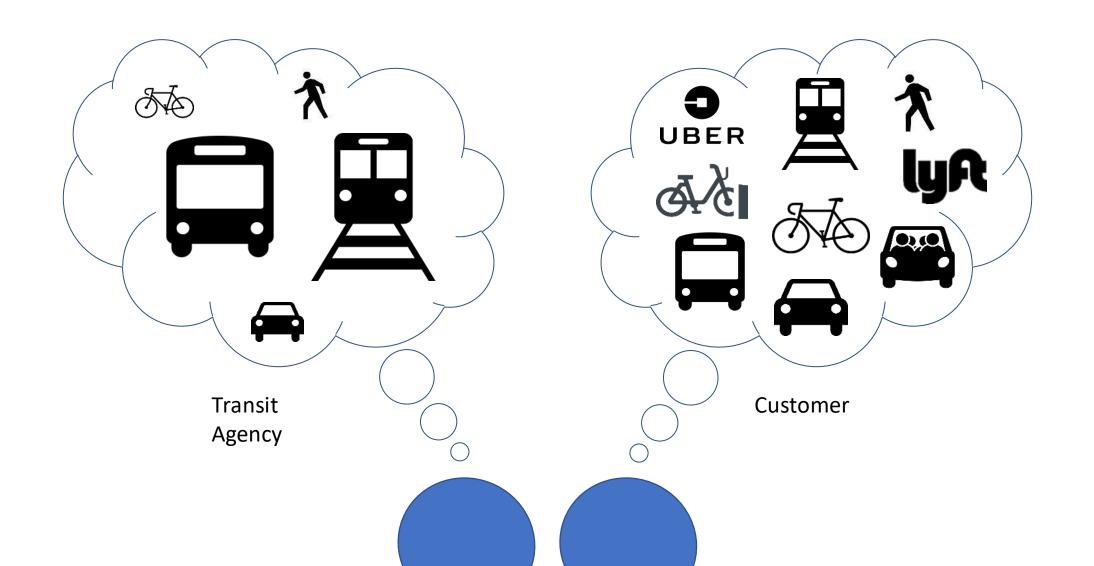




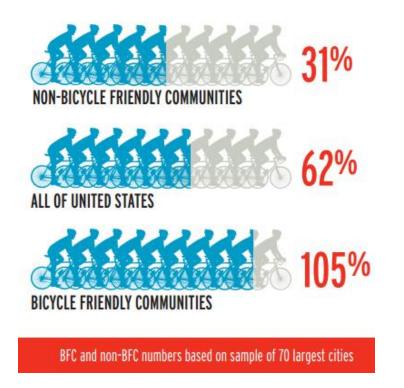




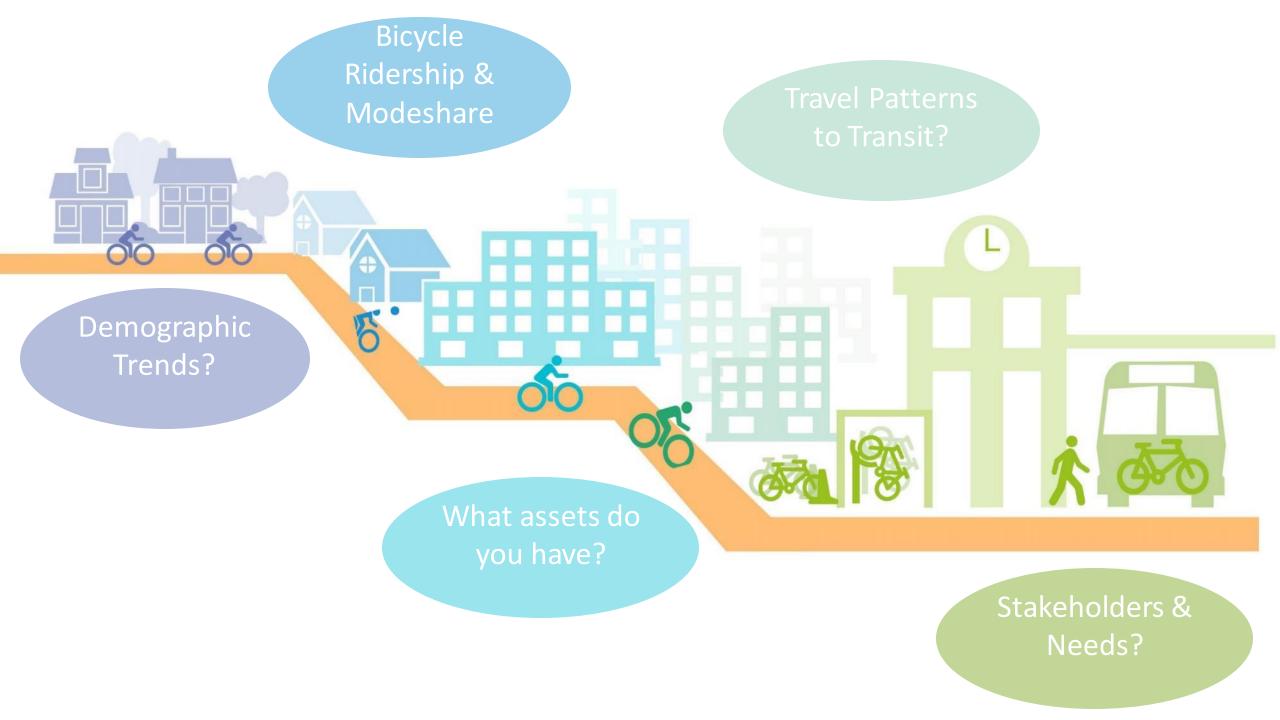
#### Transit Agency Priorities vs Customer Choice



#### **Growing Industry Dataset**









## BUILDING A TOOLKIT

#### The Core Issues











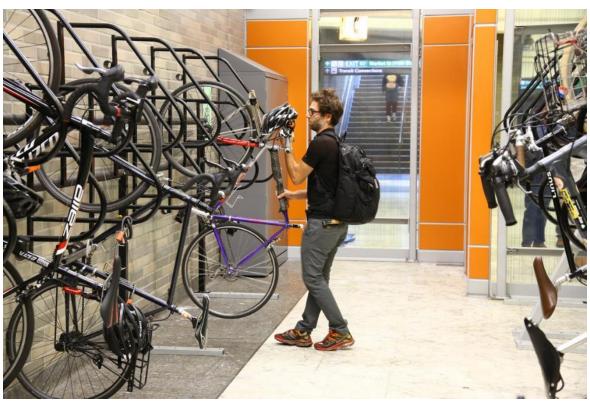


## BIKES AT TRANSIT

**BICYCLE PARKING** 







#### **WHERE**

#### **SPACE**









CAPACITY



#### keyed lockers



on-demand lockers



**Smart Racks** 



**Modular Secure Bike Parking** 

Cages





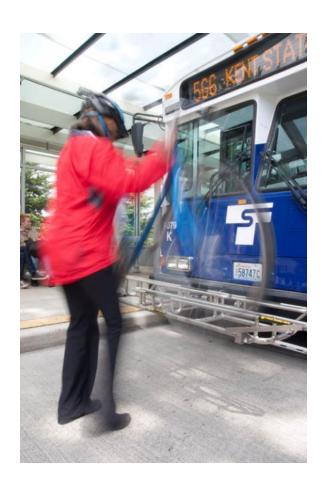


## BIKES ON TRANSIT

BICYCLES ONBOARD TRANSIT VEHICLES



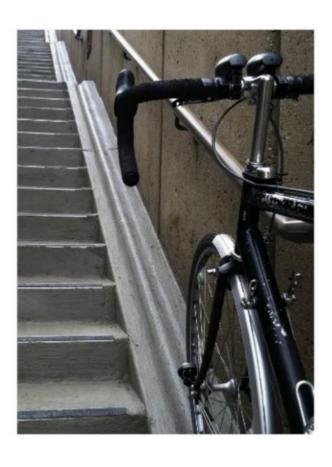
## Bicycles On Transit







#### Safe Access to Vehicles





#### Design Considerations







#### Regulation



# Important Rules for Taking Bikes on Trains





It is the cyclist's responsibility to know and follow <u>ALL</u> rules. For a complete list of rules, visit www.bart.gov/bikes

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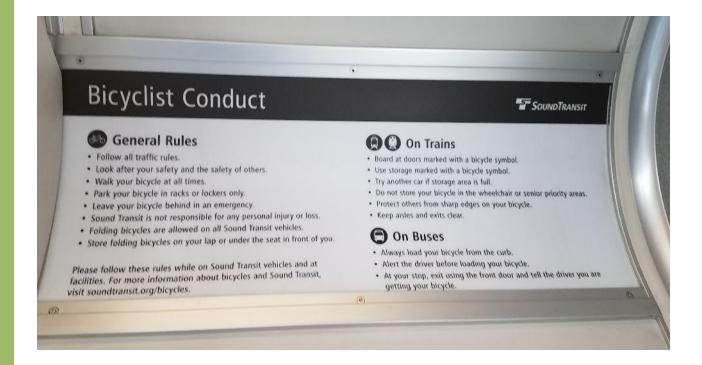


#### **Bikes Rules:**

- Bikes are never allowed on crowded cars.
- Bikes are not allowed in the first car of any train.
- Bikes are not allowed on the first three cars during commute hours.
- Bikes should never block aisles, doors or seats.



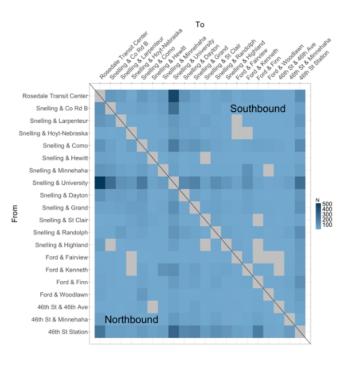
RART and you're there



#### Data Collection







<b>Nex</b> Trip		NOV	V: 2:33 PM
Snelling & Grand Station		STOP#: 17312	
ROUTE	DESTINATION	& AVAIL	DEPARTS
A Line	46 ST Station/Rapid	1	6 Min
84	Snelling Av / Davern Rd	no info	12 Min
A Line	46 ST Station/Rapid	2	17 Min
A Line	46 ST Station/Rapid	0	3:00
A Line	46 ST Station/Rapid	0	3:10
84	Snelling Av / Davern Rd	no info	3:15
• Real Time • Scheduled			

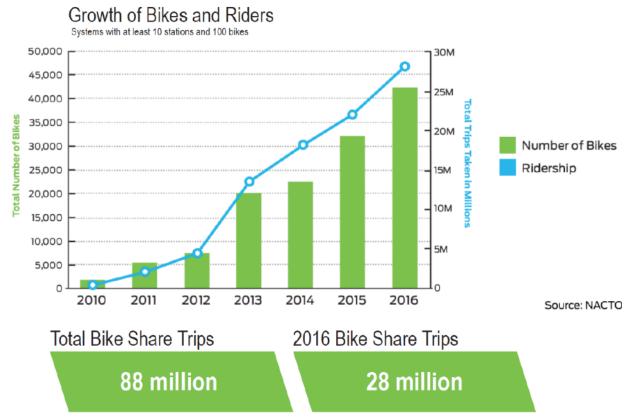
## BIKES WITH TRANSIT

BIKE SHARE INTEGRATION



#### US Bike Share Growth [2010-2016]





Graphic: King County Metro

## Bike share can be...

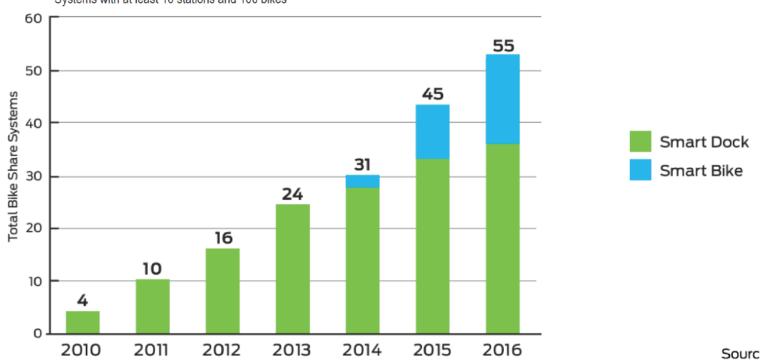


## US Bike Share Growth [2010-2016]



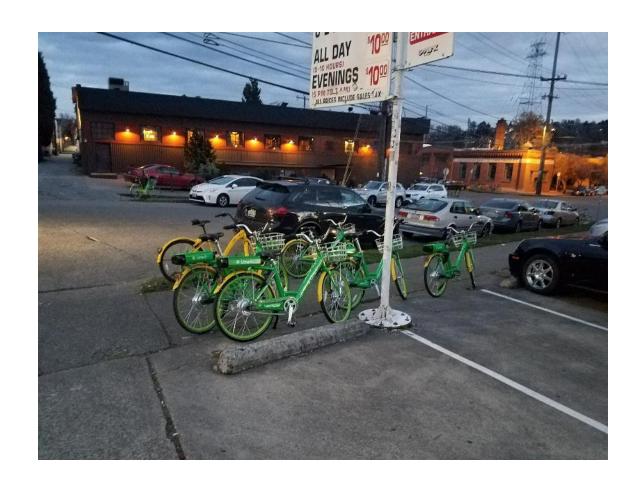
### Growth by System Type

Systems with at least 10 stations and 100 bikes



Source: NACTO

Graphic: King County Metro







# SAFE ROUTES TO TRANSIT

BIKE ROUTES & INFRASTRUCTURE





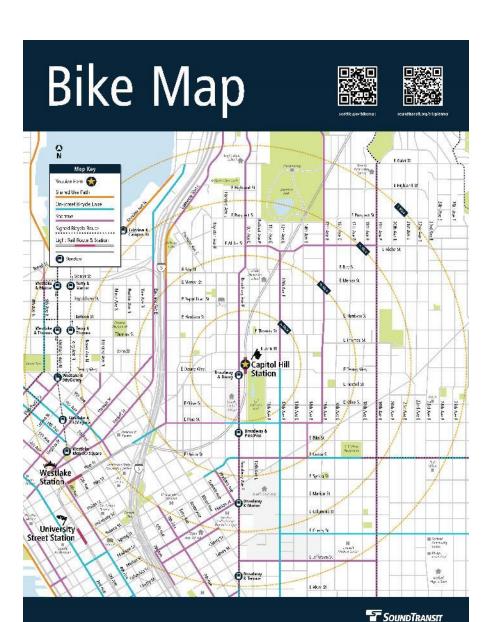






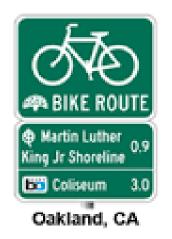


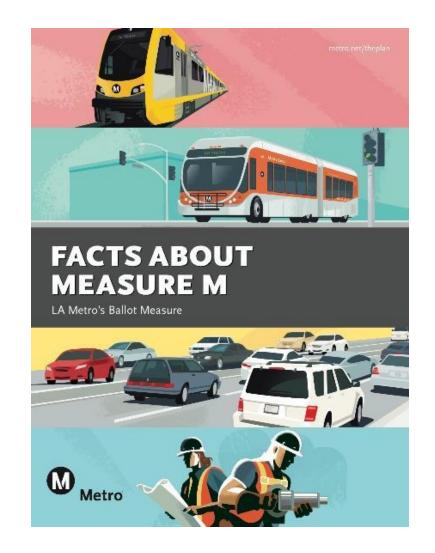


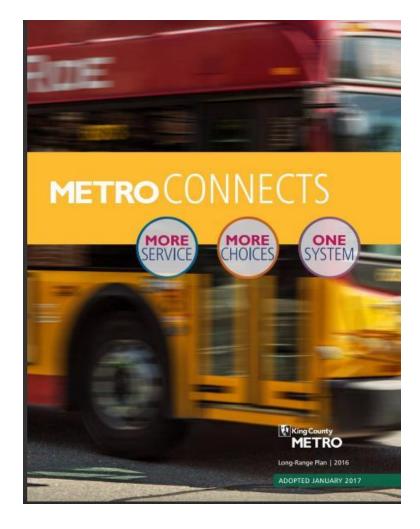










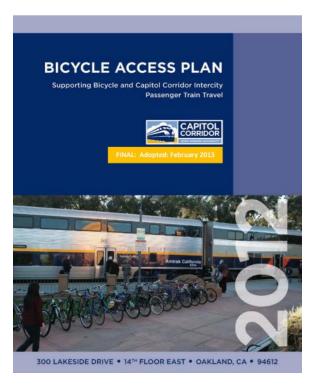


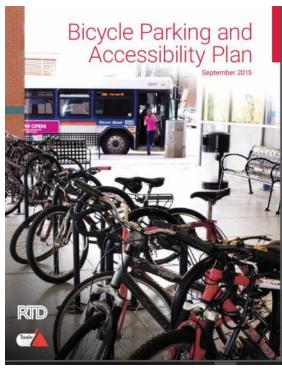


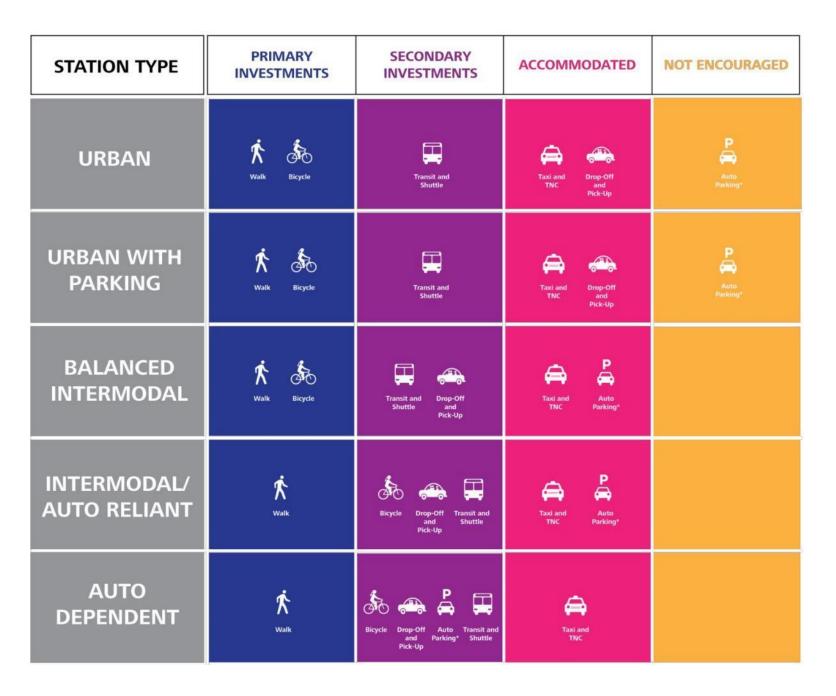


## Change Starts at Home

- Culture change
- Policy
- Strategic Plan
- Advisory Group and employee engagement
- Agency documentation





















Private Auto

Taxi and TNC



**PARKING** 

Disabled Motorcycle/Scooter **Short Term Auto** Carshare Carpool Electric Vehicle Standard Vehicle

# What's your role?

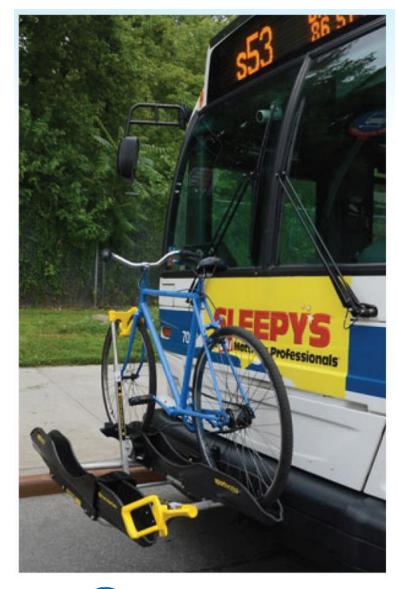
Customer	Core Issue	Partners & Roles			
Concerns		Transit Agency	Public Sector	Bike/Transit Advocacy Groups	Private Sector Partners
"How Do I get to Transit via bicycle?"	Safe Routes To Transit	Influencer	Lead Role	Influencer	Varies
"What resources are available to help me bike to transit?"	Customer Communication & Education	Lead Role	Lead Role	Lead Role	Support Role
"Is there a safe place to store my bicycle?"	Bicycle Parking at Transit Stations	Lead	Varies	Varies	Varies

Dartners & Doles

## Pilot Projects



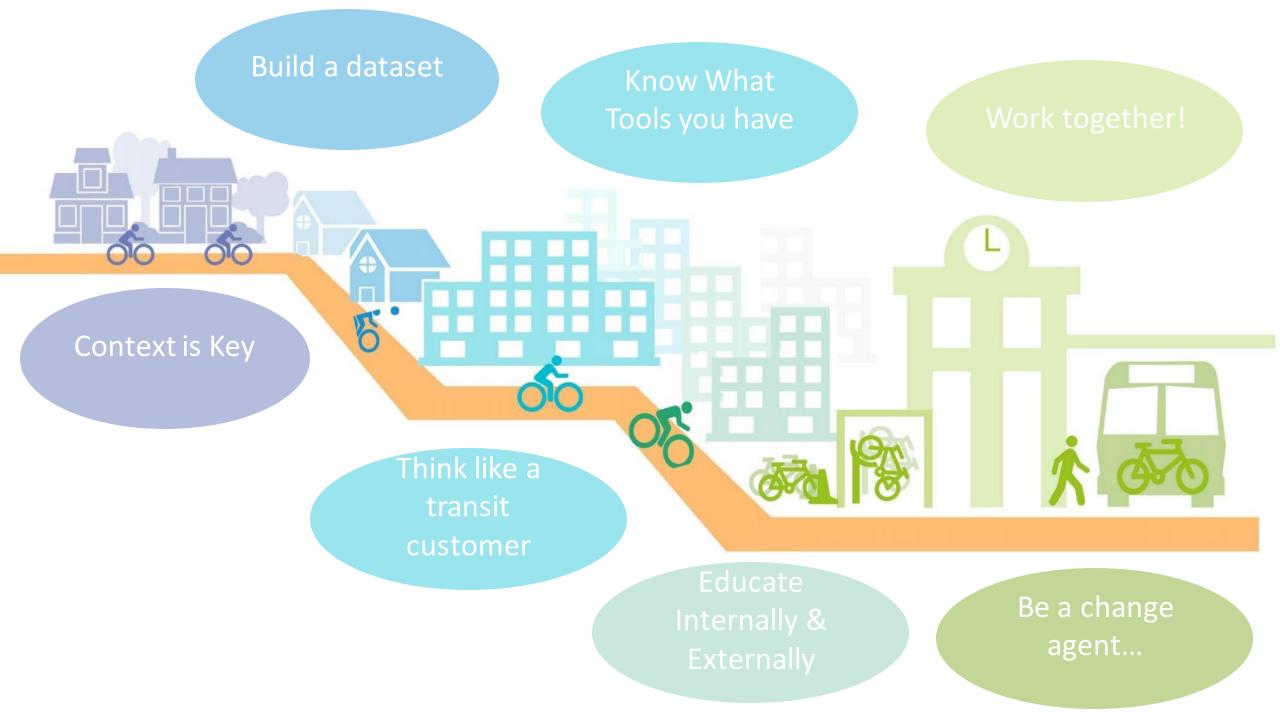


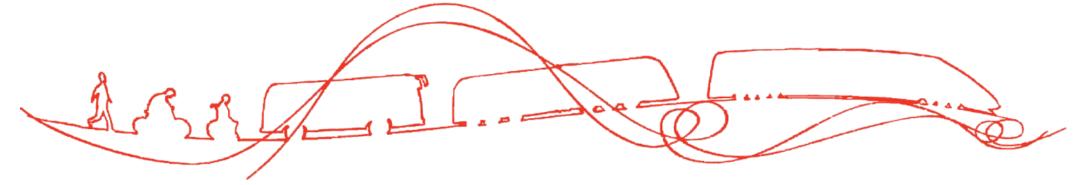




# **TAKEAWAYS**





















For more information on bicycle and transit integration or an advanced copy of the APTA guide, contact:



Dan Suraci, AICP
Urban Cycling Solutions
<a href="mailto:dan@urbancyclingsolutions.com">dan@urbancyclingsolutions.com</a>
718-635-2648



### **Bicycle & Transit Integration:**

A Practical Transit Agency Guide to Bicycle Integration & Equitable Mobility (2018)





Cascade BICYCLE CLUB



Coalition

## **Getting Started**

#### AGENCY AND PARTNER ROLES

Transit agencies often have limited jurisdiction outside their immediate property and right-of-way. The inter-agency nature of bicycle integration with transit requires an understanding of core issues grounded in customer concerns, coupled with a roadmap of the dynamic, complementary roles and responsibilities that may involve numerous stakeholder groups. In addition to the transit agency, stakeholder groups involved in bicycle and transit integration projects may include the following:

#### Nontransit Public-Sector Partners

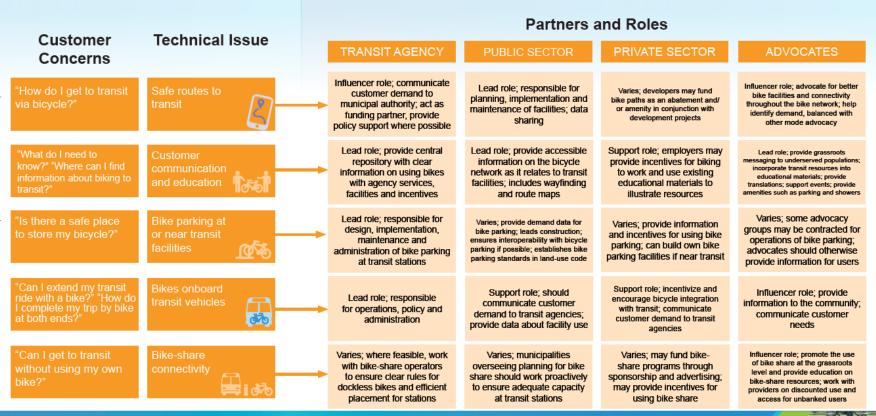
These partners may include metropolitan planning organizations (MPOs), municipal governments and local departments of transportation (DOT) or public works (DPW), county governments and state governments/DOTs. Transit projects often require collaboration with a municipal DOT for projects that fall outside of an agency's property. Other agencies such as MPOs may require inputs for broader transportation plans throughout an entire region. Additional partners may include schools and other higher-education institutions, the federal government, multijurisdictional authorities, park boards and airport commissions.

#### Bike/transit Advisory Groups

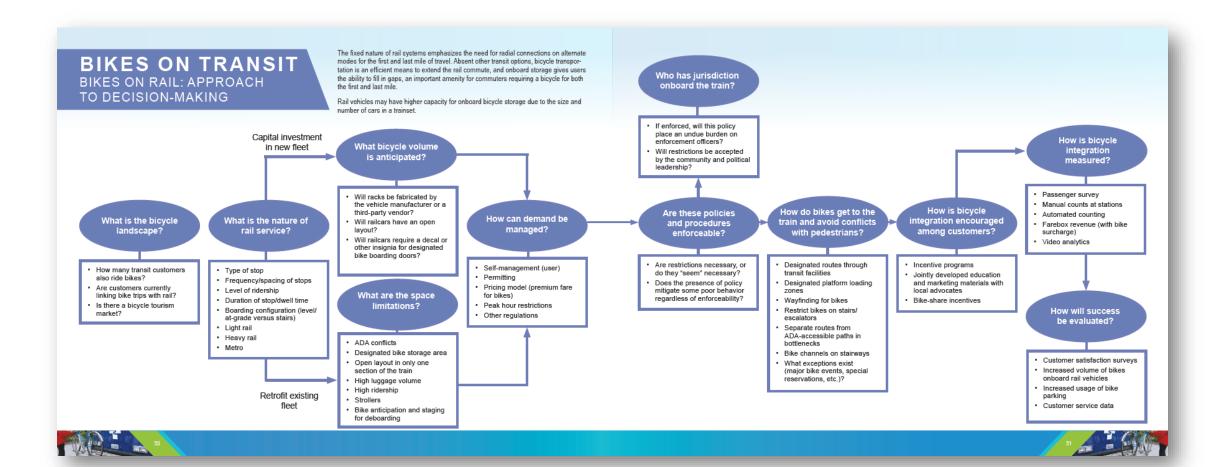
Local bike coalitions, advocacy organizations and transit advisory groups can provide valuable insights into customer needs and can help gain access to populations at the grassroots level. Advocacy groups are an avenue for presenting bike/transit integration ideas directly to executives and management. This may also include transportation management areas (TMAs).

#### Private-Sector Partners

Private entities can include small businesses, developers and employers. These stakeholders can serve as valuable partners, providing funding, land access and other resources. In some cases, particularly with developers, bike integration can be leveraged as an abatement tool to facilitate projects that benefit the public.



## Decision-Making Frameworks



## Case Studies

#### **CASE STUDY**

NITRANSIT



#### NEW JERSEY TRANSIT WESMONT STATION

In May 2016, NJ Transit opened Wesmont Station, a new commuter rail station in Wood-Ridge, New Jersey, situated on its Bergen County Line. The new station is located adjacent to a significant, residential development built on an environmentally remediated 70-acre former industrial site.

Prior to the station's opening, NJ Transit's Capital Planning Department was asked to evaluate and select the most appropriate location at the station to install bicycle racks to accommodate anticipated demand while the adjacent commuter parking lot was under construction and to serve future needs. Capital Planning fulfilled this request by conducting a site visit to evaluate the site and perform a conditions assessment. The proposed bike rack locations were identified based on proximity to platform access points, pedestrian pathways and other considerations, including weather protection, lighting and camera security. After Capital Planning determined the preferred location for the bike racks, a sketch was prepared showing the racks' location. Spacing recommendations were included to facilitate full usage of all racks. The sketch was circulated to NJ Transit's Stations and Maintenance team to confirm that the rack placements would not conflict with station maintenance needs, and subsequently to the construction management team for installation.



Ultimately, four bike racks were installed beneath the main stairway leading up to the station's pedestrian overpass. The location under the stairway was chosen primarily for its convenient location (equidistant from the stair and elevator entrances) and protection from the elements. It is also close to the pedestrian pathway but does not obstruct it. The selected location has adequate lighting and security cameras for security.

The racks are standard-size staple racks with a crossbar and were ordered previously in bulk at a cost of approximately \$140 each. For installation at Wesmont Station, four racks were taken from storage and delivered onsite to the construction management team.

One year later, the site selection appeared to have been successful, as the racks are being used nearly to capacity. The photo below was taken in August 2017. As of that date, the parking lot had been completed and made available to customers, and the bike parking in this location continued to be heavily used.



#### CASE STUDY



#### LA METRO BIKE HUB

Metro Bike Hub is the name of LA Metro's program offering high-capacity bike parking in a controlled access, secure facility to support bike trips to and from key transit stations. Metro also manages over 800 bike lockers throughout the system. Where bike locker demand is high, the Metro Bike Hub technology and functions including access control, registration, user monitoring and interoperability will accommodate for retrofit to self-serve shelter designs.

Metro opened its first location in 2015 at the EI Monte Transit station, which provides the flexibility to operate as self-serve bike parking and offer staffed services. Staffed hours are limited to test the business potential of bike commuter retail services. The Hollywood/Vine Metro Bike Hub opened in the spring of 2017 with similar operations. Both locations are designed within storefront retail space of approximately 1,000 square feet each. A third Metro Bike Hub location opened in the fall of 2017 at Union Station, which is designated as a "flagship" location operating out of the LA region's transportation hub. A fourth location at Culver City is scheduled to open later in 2018, which will accommodate 64 bikes. Both Union Station and Culver City are designed as free-standing facilities, with separate areas for bike retail/repair services.



These initial locations include staffed services as a strategy to offer face-to-face support and to educate transit patrons about bicycling. The locations evolved through leveraging various opportunities associated with financial support from station improvements, Metro joint-development property and grant programs emphasizing active transportation to help address needs at stations with high demand.

	Bike Capacity	Staffed	Approximate Tenant/ Construction Improvement
El Monte	56	7 to 11 a.m. weekdays	\$635,000
Hollywood/ Vine	64	7 to 11 a.m. weekdays	\$560,000
Union Station	192	8 a.m. to 6 p.m. week- days, 10 a.m. to 6 p.m. weekends	\$2.5 million

Metro selected a vendor that provides access control, secure bike parking management and retail services for the El Monte, Hollywood/Vine and Culver City locations. The same access control and secure parking management is used at Union Station to allow interoperability. However, the bike retail and repair shops at Union Station are negotiated through a lease with a separate company. As Metro tests these operating models, it will allow for flexibility to support ongoing operations and provide staffing at key locations. With additional locations planned and opening, Metro Bike Hubs will offer more than just secure bike

parking; they will also act as venues for access to mobility resources.

Customer registration for secure parking involves a carefully reviewed application process that includes photos of the applicant/user, state-issued license/ID card and bicycle(s). Memberships can be purchased annually (\$60), monthly (\$12) and weekly (\$5), with discounts available for qualified individuals (seniors, students, Medicare recipients, etc.) Membership

provides access to and use of all Metro Bike Hub locations. Free bike clinics are also offered to the public to educate the community about bike commuting, riding skills and repair tios.

## "CEO-Friendly" Executive Summary

